



PERFORMANCE OF EUROPEAN PARTNERSHIPS:

Biennial Monitoring Report 2024 on partnerships in Horizon Europe

November 2024

European Partnerships allow the EU to team up with public and private partners to help speed up new solutions for the green and digital transitions and to strengthen Europe's resilience.

The Biennial Monitoring Report (BMR) aims to provide a strong and continuously evolving evidence base to guide the implementation of European Partnerships and to inform strategic discussions on Horizon Europe's new policy approach. It is published biennially.

2024 EDITION

Chapter 1

introduces European Partnerships.

Chapter 2

reviews European Partnerships' progress toward EU policy goals and their monitoring by common indicators, with a detailed focus on additionality, directionality, transparency, openness, coherence, and synergies.

Chapter 3

country level analysis of 27 EU Member States + Iceland, Norway and Turkey.

Chapter 4

European Partnerships analysis of 43 European Partnerships.

- The BMR 2024 looks at Horizon Europe's partnership landscape, providing detailed insights into their effectiveness and progress, and offering a continuous assessment of their implementation and impact.
- The report provides insights into the contribution of European Partnerships to the twin green and digital transitions and resilience.
- This year's edition has a special focus on technological sovereignty and international positioning of European R&I in the context of European Partnerships.

1. The portfolio of 59 European Partnerships as a result of the selection of new partnerships under the Second Strategic plan (2025-2027).

PILLAR III Global challenges & European industrial competitiveness **Innovative Europe CLUSTER 1: CLUSTER 2: CLUSTER 4:** CLUSTER 5: **CLUSTER 6: Food, EUROPEAN** INNOVATION Health Culture, creativity, Digital, industry Climate, energy bioeconomy, natural **ECOSYSTEMS** inclusive societies and space and mobility resources, agriculture and environment Resilient Cultural Circular Bio-based Innovative SMEs Heritage* Social R&I in the Global Health Smart Networks & Clean Aviation Partnership and Resilience* (PRIMA, Art. 185)** Transformation High Performance Single European Sky EIT of Health and Biodiversa+ ATM Research 3 Care Systems Climate Neutral, Chemicals Risk Europe's Rail Sustainable & Productive **Blue Economy** Connected, Cooperative and ERA for Health AI-Data-Robotics Water4All **Automated Mobility** (CCAM) Animal Health and Rare Diseases* Batt4EU **Photonics** Welfare One-Health Zero-emission Accelerating Farming Anti Microbial Made in Europe waterborne Food Resistance* transport Personalised Clean Steel - Low-Zero-emission road Agriculture of Data* Medicine Carbon Steelmaking transport Pandemic Safe and Sustainable Processes4Planet Built4People Raw Materials Preparedness* Food System* Forests and Forestry for Globally Competitive Brain Health* Solar Photovoltaics* Space Systems* a sustainable Future Innovative Materials Clean Energy for EU (I AM for EU)* **Transition** Driving Urban Cultural and Virtual Worlds* **Transitions** Water, Marine and Textiles of the Maritime Sectors Future* Raw Materials for **CROSS-PILLARS** the Green and I AND II **Digital Transition*** European Open

- Institutionalised Partnerships (Art. 185/7)
- Institutionalised Partnerships / EIT KICs
- Co-programmed
- Co-funded
- ☐ Proposed new candidate European Partnerships under the Horizon Europe strategic plan 2025-2027

The BMR 2024 covers 43 partnerships officially launched at the time of publishing this report.

Science Cloud

^{*} Partnership not yet launched

^{**} Direct continuation of a H2020 partnership

2. Budget commitments to European partnerships

SELECTED KEY FIGURES

50European
Partnerships under the 1st strategic plan

€38.6 bn
estimated total
commitment from
partners other than
the EU

€24.9 bn
estimated
commitment from
Horizon Europe

26%

of total Horizon Europe budget committed to European Partnerships 39.8%

of Horizon Europe Pillar II budget committed to European Partnerships

3. Leveraging funding with European Partnerships

The additional private and/or public R&I investments in European Partnerships (additionality) generated by the EU contribution can be translated into a **leverage effect** resulting from the Union intervention.

invested from other sources in partnership calls compared € 0,52 to € 0.09 for classic Horizon Europe calls. One euro invested by the EU € 2.17 € 1.39 € 1.63 for Co-funded for Co-programmed from other Partnerships Partnerships sources in both partnerships' calls € 2.35 € 1.44 and additional activities across for JUs and for EIT KICs all types Art 185 initiatives

While these figures are to be taken with the necessary caution due to the self-reporting nature of this data, they do show that European Partnerships use public EU funding to trigger progress towards the objective to raise overall R&D investment to 3% of GDP.

• • • •

4. European Partnerships contributing to the twin digital and green transitions, and Europe's resilience.

36%

of the collective European
Partnership resources is
earmarked for R&I that contributes
to achieving the **resilience**objectives: a **5.8 % increase compared** to BMR 2022.

38 %

of the collective European
Partnership resources is earmarked
for R&I that contributes to
achieving the **digital** objectives:
a **22.5 % increase compared**to BMR 2022.

75 %

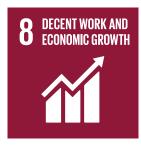
of the collective European
Partnership resources is earmarked
for R&I that contributes to
achieving the European **Green Deal** objectives: a **13.6 % increase compared** to BMR 2022.

EUROPEAN PARTNERSHIPS ADDRESS IN PARTICULAR THE FOLLOWING SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS



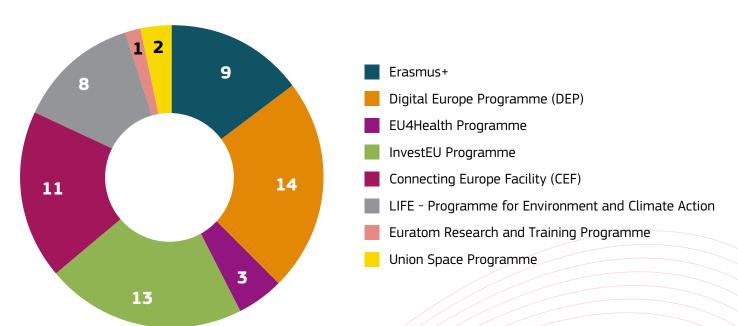








5. Synergies with EU programmes



6. European strategic autonomy/technological sovereignty is of high importance to the European Partnerships.

European technological sovereignty = the ability for Europe to **develop, provide, protect, and retain** critical technologies, and act **independently** in a globalised environment.

74% of the European Partnerships indicated that European strategic autonomy/technological sovereignty is **highly relevant**.



The European Union has a strong position in advanced manufacturing and advanced materials, industrial research and development, especially in the automobile, information communication technology, as well as in health sectors.



The European Union should reduce dependencies in AI, big data, cloud computing, cybersecurity, secure communications, robotics and microelectronics.

Cluster 4 'Digital, industry and space' is the key cluster enabling technological sovereignty, as it supports the development of key enabling technologies of the future.

7. European Partnerships are fostering collaboration with non-European countries, as well with global leaders.



European Partnerships have links with 50+ different non-European countries from different continents and clearly benefit from these R&I collaborative agreements.



12% of the overall budget of European Partnerships in planned for connections/collaboration with non-European partners.

